



The Stationery World

Sangam

lingering Vedantic legacy linking "the empirical" with the transcendental. The Sūtra though sounds negative is absolutely positive and its knowledge the foundation of all systems of knowledge.

The relation between "Religion", "Philosophy" and "Science" had not been so in all ages and cultures.

What is foundationalism? makes sense only under the supposition that the concerned knowledge is bottom-up - inductive in character. Many now - particularly the mathematicians talk of top-down - deductive - reductionist way. This cannot be established by test processes - and cannot be elevated to the level of truth definitive truth. The issues which are dealt with under the rubric of foundationalism itself cannot be self-evident or intuitive. This ~~is~~ unquestionable intuitionism has been questioned. Bottom-up inductive systems are open to criticism.

The Choices - { God Certified Certainty.
intuitive self-evidentialism.
Conventionalism - declaration, induction, probability

{ Lokācār, Deśācār } are over globe accepted.
Correspondence, Coherence.

Problems of foundationalism admitted by Skeptics like Ginekin, Husserl, Derrida, Pauli -
Verificationism, falsificationism - testability, Refutability -

basic statements not foundational - decline of logical positivism

Is metaphysics (first philosophy) foundation of physics?
rejected because not verifiable or falsifiable

Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.

Probabilistic laws in QM.

Mathematical Foundation of QM.

Failure to unify QM field interpretation and uncertainty interpretation.

"Foundation of scientific knowledge is yet to be found
in a ~~is~~ very convincing convincing manner"

Popper's metatheory. (page 14)

Foundationalism in Mathematics -

problem of consistency

infinite sets are they coherent concept. - Bertrand Russell's
deriving mathematics from logic - Leibniz.

"Number as enumeration from pure laws of thought" Dedekind.
(1831-1916)

intuitionism - Dedekind and Frege.

Logicism -

Russel - All Mathematics symbols logic.

Mathematical laws may also be true physically
and derivable from logical principles

Russel and Whitehead system of logic Criticised by Poincare,
Hermann Weyl and Carl Hempel

"The Splendid Certainty which I had always hoped
to find in mathematics has come in a bewildering guise . . ."

Four years after what Heisenberg did in physics it seems
Gödel did in mathematics

"Certainty in mathematics did not and could not exist"

Intuitionism - Descartes definition.
Pascal's faith.

Kant: "Mathematics is a supreme example of how human
knowledge can arise and progress independently
of experience"

Bracken: Intuition itself ensures soundness of and
access acceptability of mathematics
| rejected the Law of Excluded Middle.

Formalist approach to Math: Hilbert. Set Theory.

Cartor - the basis of mathematics - metaphysical.

"Mathematics need not be taken as ^{absolute} Stumble of Certainty"
David Lakatos.

~~* It is indeed very difficult to draw unambiguous conclusions on the subject of foundations of sciences because of the wide range of activities that have become part of this fast growing area of knowledge and the diversity of opinions that hold on many of the issues. Nevertheless, I have made an effort that may be stated as follows:~~

~~* It is indeed very difficult to draw unambiguous definitive key conclusions regarding the foundations of sciences since it has developed into multifarious branches at different times and in different contexts. There are strong interconnections between them some obvious and some subtle and hidden. Also science is different from other branches of knowledge in that the foundations can change or even collapse and new foundations laid. The following conclusions are indicative of the complexity of the field. Some of the conclusions may be said to be firm and some tentative.~~

