

Telegram : SCIENTIFIC
Telephone : 7 6 2 5 1 / 3

Legg
BUSINESS OFFICE

No. 4507/287

Indian Journal of Medical Research

P. O. Box No. 494, Ansari Nagar,

New Delhi.16 21-2- 1968.

Dear Doctor Sukumaran,

22 FEB 1968

Kindly let me have your opinion on the enclosed paper entitled "Abnormal Haemoglobins in Uttar Pradesh" as to its suitability for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Research in its present form or with modifications to be suggested for improving the quality of the paper. If it is unsuitable, a brief note regarding the reason for rejection to be communicated to the author for future guidance, may please be given.

A self addressed envelope, duly stamped, is enclosed herewith.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

Encl: TSS in original.
2. Self Addressed env.

M.L. Ahuja
(M.L. Ahuja)

Dr.P.K. Sukumaran,
Tata Memorial Hospital,
Parel, Bombay -12.

jsk.

REGISTERED LETTER

ED/1749/68

March 1st, 1968.

My dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter No. 4507/287 dated February 22nd, 1968, enclosing the paper entitled "Abnormal Haemoglobins in Utter Pradesh" for my comments.

I feel there is need for data on Abnormal Haemoglobins including Thalassemia from various ethnic groups in this country. This paper is meant to register such data although one would expect a study on distinct endogamous groups rather than random population as collected by the author. All the same I recommend its publication in Indian Journal of Medical Research with some corrections mentioned below.

1) In the Introduction on page 1, after the reference of Lehmann and Cutbush, 1952, for Hb-S and before that of Shukla and Solanki, 1958, findings of Sukumaran et al., 1956, in some tribal groups in Western India ranging from 9.5 to 22.2 % may be included. Reference for this is "Sickle Cell Trait in Some Tribes in Western India" by Sukumaran, P.K., Vyas, G.N., and Sanghvi, L.D. in Current Science (1956) 25:290-291. Again Shukla and Solanki, 1958, reported 22.2 % in Mahars and only 9.4 % in Kunbis. This may be corrected.

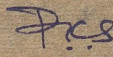
2) Under "Materials and Methods" a reference is given of Donald and Ronald (1959). These are the first names of the authors and may be corrected as Houchin and Robinette. The reference is "Preparation of Haemoglobin Solutions for Electrophoretic Study and Foetal Haemoglobin Assay" by Houchin, D.N., and Robinette, R.W. Lancet (1959) 1:155.

3) On page 3 under Case No. III - S.R. (Sr.No.134) 7th line may be corrected as "Control haemolysates containing A and EF haemoglobins (Fig. 3)", as the control pattern given in the figure is that of EF and not AE as mentioned in the text.

4) In haematological data MCHC is usually expressed as % and not gm.% as mentioned. Alkali-denaturation % "NIL" may be mentioned as "NORMAL".

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,


P. K. Sukumaran.
Scientific Officer.

Col. M.L. Ahuja.
Indian Journal of Medical Research,
Ansari Nager, New Delhi.

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

Back Bay View,
Opp. Charni Road Gardens, New Queen's Road,
BOMBAY 4-BR.

Date : 14th August 1968.

Our Ref.: Article No. 105.

Dr. P. K. Sukumaran,
Bombay 12.

Sub : Article entitled : "A Case of
Sickle-Cell Thalassemia"

Dear Dr. **Sukumaran,**

We send you herewith the above article that has been submitted for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Sciences. We would be thankful if you would kindly scrutinise this paper and inform us if, in your opinion, it is suitable for publication. If it is not so, will you also indicate briefly its defects.

In assessing the paper, we would request you to have the following points in mind.

1. Material.-Is it adequate and is the collection satisfactory ?
2. Methods.-Are they standard methods ? All institutions in India do not have up-to-date equipments and allowances have to be made.
3. Do the tables and the test tally. Have the results been statistically evaluated.
4. Is the discussion brief, non-repetitive and to the point. It should not be a review.
5. Is the work of Indian authors considered. This is a very important point, as most of **Indian authors** are inclined to quote the work published in foreign journals and are ignorant of Indian work.
6. Is the work a repetition, if so, how is it justified by the authors.
7. Is it a collection and analysis of old cases or a planned project; a bare analysis of old cases should be rejected.
8. Is the subject matter presented of sufficient academic interest, does it suggests a new idea, new hypothesis.
9. We have a heavy backlog of material and have to be careful not to increase the waiting period.

We shall be obliged if you will kindly send us your remarks along with the manuscript by the **28th August 1968.**

We enclose herewith a stamped addressed envelope for the return of the manuscript.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
for Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,


J. C. Patel,
Editor.

ED/

/68

August 31st, 1968

Sub: Article entitled "A Case of
Sickle-Cell Thalassemia. _ _

Dear Dr. Patel:

This has reference to your letter dated August 14th, 1968 and enclosed Article No. 105 for comments and I thank you for the same.

I give below some of my comments on this paper:

In "Material and Methods" it would be interesting to know whether the paper electrophoretic patterns were photographed as such or after staining them. This is very important in interpreting the patterns produced in Fig. No. 2.

In Fig. No. 1, the pedigree Chart is far from satisfactory. The presentation does not conform to the accepted methods. In the III generation, the siblings are marked 1 to 6 and one would expect No. 1 to be the eldest and No. 6 the youngest while here it is the reverse. The circles and squares usually used to denote females and males are found jumbled-up, e.g. Generation I, No. 1 maternal grand-mother is denoted by a circle while in generation II, No. 4, and III, No. 2, denote males.

In Fig. No. 2, the intensity of bands representing Hb-A₂ when compared to Hb-A or A%F shown in the figure for both II-4 and III-2 seem to be unusually high for Thalassemia trait and for Sickle-cell Thalassemia. As against this in I-1, a carrier of thalassemia there is no band representing Hb-A₂ fraction although there is a normal serum iron level in this individual. The authors claim that the case of sickle-cell thalassemia reported here shown paper electrophoretic pattern with Hb-A more than S alongwith Hb-A₂ is found more than Hb-S in sickle-cell thalassemia (Using paper electrophoretic technique) when -thalassemia gene is involved where Hb-A₂ may not be found increased, when a recent blood transfusion is ruled out. Authors quote Monti et al., (1964) describing a case similar to one presented here. Monti et al., mention their inability to confirm the finding Hb-A more than S in one case they reported.

/- It is usually known that Hb-A

.. 2

In short, there is much to be expected by way of techniques and interpretation of results before this paper can be recommended for publication in your journal.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



P. K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer.

Dr. J. C. Patel,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,
Back Bay View,
Opp. Charni Road Gardens,
New Queen's Road,
BOMBAY-4. BR

Encl: Manuscript

AUTHORS:

C. SITA DEVI, A.N. RAGHAVENDRA RAO, S. LAXMIDEVI,
T.Y. RAMAIAH, C.R.R.M. REDDY,
Department of Biochemistry, and Department of Pathology,
Kurnool Medical College, Kurnool, A.P., S. India.

Telegram : SCIENTIFIC
Telephone: 76251

Regd - S. P.

No 4783/616

Indian Journal of Medical Research

P. O. Box No. 494, Ansari Nagar

Colonel M. L. AHUJA
Editor.

New Delhi-16, 28 X 1968

Dear Doctor Sukumaran,

29 OCT 1968

I am enclosing an article entitled "Study of abnormal haemoglobins in professional blood donors" for your opinion as to its suitability for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Research. I wonder if there is anything new or of significant value in all this. Observations of this type in India have been reported by Dr. Chatterjea and others so often. I would, however, be glad for your views.

A self-addressed envelope, duly stamped, is enclosed herewith.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

M. L. Ahuja
(M.L. Ahuja)

Dr. P. K. Sukumaran,
Indian Cancer Research Centre,
Parel, Bombay-12.

*Enc: TSS
Fig = 1*

M.L.A.
1.XI.68

No. ED/8467/68

November 8th, 1968

My dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter No. 4783/616 and enclosed article entitled "Study of abnormal haemoglobins in professional blood donors" for comments.

I agree with you that there is nothing of much significant value in this paper. The results reported are on 535 individuals representing 11 groups and to claim this a representation of a cross section of Indian population is over simplification of facts. In 9 out of 11 groups the number examined varies from as low as 2 and the highest is only 66, to draw any valid conclusions.

The reference No. 6 should be corrected as HOUCHIN, D.N., and ROBINETTE, R.W. (1959).

I am returning herewith the article and enclosed figure.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



P. K. Sukumaran.
Scientific Officer

Col. M. L. Ahuja,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Research,
Post Box No. 494, Ansari Nager,
New Delhi - 16

Encl: article & figure

cBp/

HYDROLYSED STARCH AND OTHER CHEMICALS (DR. REID)

<u>Items</u>	<u>Receipt</u>	<u>Used</u>	<u>Balance</u>
** 1. Hydrolysed Starch	5 x 2 Kg. = 10 Kg.	2 x 2 Kg. = 4 Kg.	3 x 2 Kg. = 6 Kg.
** 2. Tris	2 x 1 Kg. = 2 Kg.	1 x 1 Kg. = 1 Kg.	1 x 1 Kg. = 1 Kg.
* 3. Tris - HCl	2 x 1 Kg. = 2 Kg.	about 300 Gms.	1.70 Kg.
*** 4. Cellulose acetate strips (sepraphore)	4 packets (25 sheets each)	1 packet	3 packets.
* 5. Brilliant Cresyl Blue	1 x 25 Gm. = 25 Gm.	about 1 gm.	24 gm.

* = Dr. A. J. Baxi
** = Mr. P. K. Sukumaran and Dr. A. J. Baxi
*** = Mr. P. K. Sukumaran

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

BACK BAY VIEW,
Opp. CHARNI ROAD GARDENS,
NEW QUEEN'S ROAD,
BOMBAY 4.

13th December 1968.

Ref: Article No. 105 (Revised).

Dr. P. K. Sukamaran,
Scientific Officer,
Indian Cancer Research Centre,
Parel,
Bombay 12.

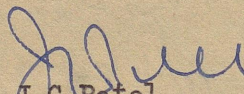
Sub: Article entitled: " A Case of
Sickle-Cell Thalassemia"

Dear Dr. Sukamaran,

We are sending you the above-mentioned article again
after the authors revision in the light of your comments.
Kindly let us know if the revised article is now acceptable
for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Sciences.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
for Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,


J.C. Patel,
Editor.

Encl: as above.
DHC

ED/ /69

DECEMBER 24, 1969

My dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter No.5237/1983 dated 24.11.1969 forwarding the manuscript of the paper entitled "Immunological behaviour of haemoglobins" for my opinion as to its suitability of publication in your Journal.

In general I am of opinion that there is much to be desired by way of modifications in the paper before it could be published. The authors need be aware of the recent literatures on the subject to help modify statements in the paper.

My specific comments are as follows:-

- I. It is now known, contrary to the reports and the data reported in this paper, that Hb.A is antigenic. In this connection attention is drawn to the following few papers:
 - (a) Immunologic characteristics of human haemoglobin fractions and their sub-units. By V.K.Yakulis and P.Heller. Annals N.Y.Acad.Sci. (1964) 119:607.
 - (b) Serologic Investigations of human haemoglobins. By F.Westendorp Boerma and T.H.J.Huisman. Jl.Lab.Cl.Med. (1964) 63:264
 - (c) Immunological relationships of various types of haemoglobins By Rose G. Schneider and Fahamet Arat. Brit.J.Haemat. (1964) 10:15

- II. The total concentration of haemoglobin solution is kept constant in the test but no mention is made of the Hb.F in the sample. Purification of Hb.F from cord blood is done by alkali-denaturation and the resultant haemoglobin is designated as Hb.F. It is known that such solution may contain non-haem pigments besides alkali-resistant haemoglobin, and can be avoided if DEAE Cellulose or CM Cellulose chromatography is used. Amidoschwartz would stain haemoglobin as well as non-haem. protein. To assure that haemoglobin component is the antigen reacting with specific antibody, some specific staining technique should be used. Distance between the wells is too large compared to the size of the well used in the diffusion test, that absence of precipitin lines may be attributed to it. So also excess (flooding) of antigen or antibody is also known to give false negative results.

- III. Photography is very poor.

No test is put up with Hb.A and anti-a before declaring that Hb.A is non-antigenic. Assumption is made from the non-reactivity of anti-a with other antigens used in test. This is not wholly correct.

Results do not show that AFE is poorly antigenic and AF is strongly antigenic. Number of precipitin lines do not correspond with the "strong antigenicity" of the preparation. To show antigenic similarities between anti-afe with AF(X) or AF(Y) and anti-af with AF(X) or AF(Y) better controlled experiment is desired. Anti-a should have shown precipitin line against AF (Fig.3) since 3-4 lines are present with anti-af and none with F part of the 'af' in photograph. The lines, if specific for haemoglobin, must be against 'a' which is a part of 'Af'. In view of the ~~xxxx~~ above comments one has to be cautious before drawing conclusions especially of the immunological differences between haemoglobins from various sources.

Lastly there are a few spelling mistakes in the text and some statements sound ambiguous which need correction.

Best wishes for a Happy New Year.

Thanking you & with kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



P.K.SUKUMARAN
Scientific Officer

Dr.M.L.Ahuja,
Indian Journal of Medical Research,
P.O.Box No.4508,
Ansari Nagar,
NEW DELHI-16

Encl: Manuscript/photographs

ED/9823/68

December 28th, 1968

Dear Dr. Patel:

This has reference to your letter dated 13th December, 1968 enclosing the article No. 105 (Revised) entitled "A Case of Sickle-Cell Thalassemia" for my opinion. I thank for the same. I am returning the manuscript and enclosures with my comments.


I feel that authors have mostly revised the article on the lines of the comments and may be accepted for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Sciences. Before finally accepting it would be advisable for the authors to make it clear that the patient in whom they show Hb-S+A+A₂ besides Hb-F, had not received blood transfusion lately prior to this investigation. A recent blood transfusion, as you know, can cause an artificial increase in Hb-A content of patient's blood. I have mentioned this in my previous comments as well.

A categorical statement to this effect is necessary in the light of the discussion in page 5 (lines 12 and 13). Here the authors feel that this case showing presence of Hb-A₁ differs from those group of cases so far reported from India wherein this adult fraction is absent.

You may please get this clarified from the authors and a line added to the effect mentioned above.

Thanking you and with kind regards,

Yours sincerely,


P. K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer.

Dr. J. C. Patel,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,
Back Bay View, Opp. Charni Road Gardens,
New Queens Road, Bombay - 4.

Encl: As above

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

BACK BAY VIEW,
Opp. CHARNI ROAD GARDENS,
NEW QUEEN'S ROAD,
BOMBAY 4.

8th March 1969.

Ref: Article No. 105. (Re-Revised).

Dr. P. K. Sukamaran,
Scientific Officer,
Indian Cancer Research Centre,
Parel,
Bombay 12.

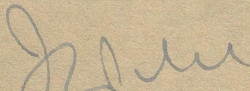
Sub: Article entitled: "A Case of
Sickle-Cell Thalassemia"

Dear Dr. Sukamaran,

We are sending you the above-mentioned article again
after the authors revision in the light of your comments.
Kindly let us know if the revised article is now acceptable
for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Sciences.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
for Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,


J.C. Patel,
Editor.

Encl: article.
DHC

REGISTERED LETTER

ED/1855/69

March 14th, 1969

Dear Dr. Patel:

Thank you for referring the article No. 105 - "A Case of Sickle Cell Thalassaemia", after revision by the authors for my comments.

I feel it is now suitable for publication in your journal.

I am returning herewith the manuscript and photographs.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

PKS

P. K. SUKUMARAN
Scientific Officer

Dr. J. C. Patel,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,
Back Bay View, New Queens Road,
Bombay - 4.

Encl: M.S., photographs.

ED/9364 /69

DECEMBER 31, 1969

Dear Col. Ahuja:

This has reference to your letter No. 5237/2110 dated 27th December, 1969. I have already sent the paper "Immunological behaviour of haemoglobins" on 24th December, 1969 vide our letter No. ED/9226/69, which I hope you must have received by now.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



P. K. SUKUMARAN
Scientific Officer

Col. M.L.Ahuja,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Research,
P.O.Box 494,
Ansari Nagar,
NEW DELHI-16

Indian Journal of Medical Research

P. O. BOX 494, ANSARI NAGAR

27 DEC 1969

No. 5237/2110

New Delhi-16 27 .12. 19 69.

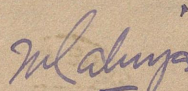
Dear Mr. Sukumarn,

This is to draw your attention to my d.o. No.5237/1983, 21.11.1969, forwarding paper entitled "Immunological behaviour of haemoglobins" for opinion. I presume you must have gone through this paper by now. As the authors are very anxious to know the decision of the Editorial Board, I would request you to expedite your opinion.

The paper may please be returned along with your comments.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



(M.L. Ahuja)
Editor.

728
30/12/69
Mr.P.K. Sukumaran,
Haemoglobins Laboratory,
C/O Dr.Kamal J. Ranadive,
Director,
Cancer Research Centre,
Tata Memorial Hospital,
Parel, Bombay-12.

भारतदेशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER



INDIA GOVERNMENT SERVICE

To Mr. P.K. Sukumaran,
Haemoglobin Laboratory,
Dr. K. J. Ramadave,
Director,
Cancer Research Center,
Parel, Bombay-12

← पहला मोड़ First Fold →

← तीसरा मोड़ Third Fold →

← दूसरा मोड़ Second Fold →

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-



POST EARLY
TO REACH THE READER

P.O. Box 494, Ansari Nagar,

NEW DELHI-16.

इस पत्र के अन्दर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

Back Bay View,
Opp. Charni Road Gardens, New Queen's Road,
BOMBAY 4-BR.

Date : 8th January 1970.

Our Ref.: Article No. 361, 362, 363 & 364.

Dr. P. K. Sukumaran,
Bombay 12.

Sub : Article entitled : "A Study of Dermatoglyphics
in Normal Indian Children with Particular
Reference to : 361: Finger-Prints --Part I. *

Dear Dr. Sukumaran,

We send you herewith the above article that has been submitted for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Sciences. We would be thankful if you would kindly scrutinise this paper and inform us if, in your opinion, it is suitable for publication. If it is not so, will you also indicate briefly its defects.

In assessing the paper, we would request you to have the following points in mind.

1. Material.--Is it adequate and is the collection satisfactory ?
2. Methods.--Are they standard methods ? All institutions in India do not have up-to-date equipments and allowances have to be made.
3. Do the tables and the test tally. Have the results been statistically evaluated.
4. Is the discussion brief, non-repetitive and to the point. It should not be a review.
5. Is the work of Indian authors considered. This is a very important point, as most of are inclined to quote the work published in foreign journals and are ignorant of Indian work.
6. Is the work a repetition, if so, how is it justified by the authors.
7. Is it a collection and analysis of old cases or a planned project; a bare analysis of old cases should be rejected.
8. Is the subject matter presented of sufficient academic interest, does it suggests a new idea, new hypothesis.
9. We have a heavy backlog of material and have to be careful not to increase the waiting period.

We shall be obliged if you will kindly send us your remarks along with the manuscript by the **22nd January 1970.**

We enclose herewith a stamped addressed envelope for the return of the manuscript.

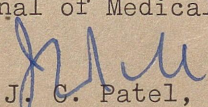
With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
for Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,

* 362: Palm Prints.-- Part II.

363: The Importance of Axial Tri-Radial
and 'atd' Angle -- Part III.

364 : Toe Prints--Part IV.


J. C. Patel,
Editor.

P.T.O.

/ Indian
authors

Please phone Tel. No. 384947

(between 9 am to 4 pm) when article
is ready to enable us to
collect the article.

Thank you.

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

354947

Back Bay View, Opp. Charni Road Gardens, New Queen's Road, Bombay 4-BR.

Our Ref. : Article No. 333.

Date: 29-1-70.

Sub : Article entitled: "Genetic Macropolysaccharidosis in Suborn Disorder".

Ref : Our letter dated 13-1-70.

RE M I N D E R

Dear Dr. Sukumaran,

Kindly refer to our letter dated ~~13-1-70~~ 13-1-70, along with which we sent you the above-mentioned article for your opinion. We shall now be glad to receive your comments at an early date.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
for Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,

H. C. Patil

J. C. Patel,
for Editor.



POST EARLY

TO CATCH THE MAIL

Dr. K. K. Suleymanian,
Scientific Officer,
Indian Cancer Research Centre,
Parel,
Bombay 12.

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

Back Bay View,
Opp. Charni Road Gardens, New Queen's Road,
BOMBAY 4-BR.

Date : 13th January 70.

Our Ref.: Article No. 333

Dr. P. K. Sukumaran,
Bombay 12.

Sub : Article entitled : "Genetic Mucopolysaccharidosis
or 'Inborn Disorder'".

Dear Dr. Sukumaran,

We send you herewith the above article that has been submitted for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Sciences. We would be thankful if you would kindly scrutinise this paper and inform us if, in your opinion, it is suitable for publication. If it is not so, will you also indicate briefly its defects.

In assessing the paper, we would request you to have the following points in mind.

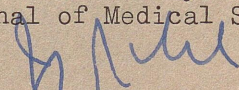
1. Material.-Is it adequate and is the collection satisfactory ?
2. Methods.-Are they standard methods ? All institutions in India do not have up-to-date equipments and allowances have to be made.
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6. Is the work a repetition, if so, how is it justified by the authors.
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8. Is the subject matter presented of sufficient academic interest, does it suggest a new idea, new hypothesis.
9. We have a heavy backlog of material and have to be careful not to increase the waiting period.

We shall be obliged if you will kindly send us your remarks along with the manuscript by the 27th January 70.

We enclose herewith a stamped addressed envelope for the return of the manuscript.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
for Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,


J. C. Patel,
Editor.

ED/318 /70

January 13, 1970

Dear Dr. Patel:

This has reference to your letter dated 8.1.1970 enclosing articles Nos. 361, 362, 363 and 364 for my comments.

I am sorry to say that this subject is not within my per-view of my specialization and hence I am unable to comment. However I give below two names who would be able to do the needful for you.

I am returning herewith the manuscripts.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

P.K.S.

P. K. SUKUMARAN
Scientific Officer

Dr. J. C. Patel,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,
Back Bay View, New Queens Road,
BOMBAY-4 BR

Encl: M.S.

1) Dr. D. P. Mukherjee,
Asst. Director,
Population Genetics,
Central Family Planning Institute,
NEW DELHI-16.

11) Dr. Indera P. Singh,
Head, Department of Anthropology,
University of Delhi,
DELHI-7.

*Received letter
and manuscripts*

J.N.B.

Mr. Janu Narayan Baikar

14/1/70

ED/728 /70

January 29, 1970

Dear Dr. Patel:

This has reference to your letter dated 13.1.70 enclosing article no. 333 - Genetic Mucopolysaccharidosis or 'Inborn Lysosomal Disorder' for my comments.

I feel this deals more on the clinical rather than on the genetic aspects of the disorder and hence suggest that this may be referred to some body else who can give critically comments. I suggest this may be sent to Dr.G.S.Mutalik whose address is given below:

Dr.G.S.Mutalik,
Department of Medicine,
B.J.Medical College,
Poona-1.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

Pes

P. K. Sukumaran
Scientific Officer

Dr.J.C.Patel,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Sciences,
Back Bay View, New Queens Road,
Bombay-4 BR

Encl:

Telegram : SCIENTIFIC
Telephone : 76251

REGISTERED S.P.

No. 5237/196

Indian Journal of Medical Research

P. O. Box No. ~~494~~, Ansari Nagar
4508

Colonel M. L. AHUJA
Editor.

New Delhi-16, 16 .2. 1970.

My dear Sukumaran,

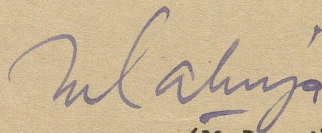
Please refer to your letter No. ED/9226/69, dated
24.12.1969.

Sorry to saddle you again with this but the
revised paper is still long winded. I wonder if there is
anything new in all what the author has reported. I would
be glad if you could cut it down where necessary. We could
then perhaps accept ^{it} if it is otherwise suitable.

A self-addressed envelope, duly stamped, is
enclosed herewith.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



(M.L. Ahuja)

Encl: TS=2, Fig=5

Mr.P.K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer,
Cancer Research Institute,
Tata Memorial ~~Kaxpika~~ Centre,
Parel, Bombay-12.

Telegram : SCIENTIFIC

Telephone: 76251

REGISTERED S.P.

No. 65/259

Indian Journal of Medical Research

P. O. Box No. ~~494~~, Ansari Nagar
4508

Colonel M. L. AHUJA
Editor.

New Delhi-16, 27 .2. 1970

Dear Mr. Sukumaran,

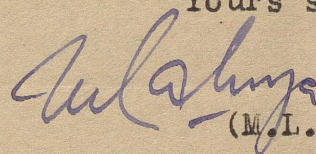
28 FEB 1970

Kindly let me have your opinion on the enclosed paper entitled "Abnormal haemoglobins in Indian armed forces personnel" as to its suitability for publication in the Indian Journal of Medical Research in its present form or with modifications to be suggested for improving the quality of the paper. If it is unsuitable, a brief note regarding the reason for rejection to be communicated to the author for future guidance, may please be given.

A self-addressed envelope, duly stamped, is enclosed herewith.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,



(M.L. Ahuja)

Encl: TS, Fig=3

Mr.P.K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer,
Cancer Research Institute,
Tata Memorial Centre,
Parel, Bombay-12.

REGD

ED/ 1789 /70.

March 11, 1970

My dear Sir:

Thank you for your letter No.65/259 dated 27th February 1970 enclosing the manuscript entitled "Abnormal Haemoglobins in Indian Armed Forces Personnel" for opinion as to its suitability for publication.

The number of samples investigated is too small when compared to the vast population and the various ethnic groups to call this a Cross Section. But the paper high lights the usefulness of screening studies in Armed Forces considering the risk involved in some of the carriers. In general, the data is well presented and is suitable for publication.

Yours faithfully,

PKS
P. K. Sukumaran
Scientific Officer.

Col. M. L. Ahuja,
Editor, I.J.M.R.,
P.O.Box 4508, Ansari Nagar,
New Delhi - 16.

Encl: MS, Fig=3.

REGISTERED

ED/1879 /70.

March 18, 1970.

My dear Sir,

Thank you for your letter No. 5237/196 dated 16-2-70, enclosing the revised paper titled "Immunological behaviour of haemoglobins" for my comments. I am sorry for the delay in replying you.

I am afraid that making any tangible correction even on this revised material or pruning the matter to concise the same is, in my opinion, not worthwhile. The material presented is not that much original and moreover there are many fallacies that need explanation.

Some of the interpretations of the data in the revised paper seem to be opposite of what was given in the original paper though the experimental data remain the same. In the 'Summary', it is indicated that cord blood haemoglobin is antigenically related to thalassaemic haemoglobin and haemoglobin of Hb-E disease, while in the original the authors claim immunological differences.

Alkali-resistant fraction used as purified foetal haemoglobin for immunization is shown by other workers to produce extra precipitin bands in gel diffusion when samples containing foetal haemoglobins are used. Thus, absence of reaction attributed to chemical treatment is not wholly correct. Also the authors state that the final concentration of the thus purified fraction is less than 0.3 gm % which does not carry much meaning.


Some of the reactions shown in Fig. 5 is not clear i.e. AFE is said to react with af-x and af-y which is not so in the figure.

Simple absorption tests need to be carried out before attributing the peculiar findings to other substances present in the samples. Before drawing conclusions for the presence or otherwise of specific antibodies, adequate absorption experiments is very necessary in view of the fact that combined antigens are used in almost all immunizations.

I am inclined to suggest that the paper may be returned and the authors advised to carry out some controlled experiments before this is accepted for publication in your Journal.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,


P.K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer,
Epidemiology Division,

Col. M.L. Ahuja,
Editor,
Indian Journal of Medical Research,
P.O. Box No. 4508, Ansari Nagar,
NEW DELHI-16.

Encl : TS=2, Fig=5.

Telephone: 653980
Grams: SCIENTIFIC
Telex: 031-63067

No. 7749 / 2302

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL RESEARCH

Indian Council of Medical Research
Ansari Nagar, New Delhi-110029

Dr. G.V. Satyavati
Editor-in-Chief

Dated 16/12/1986

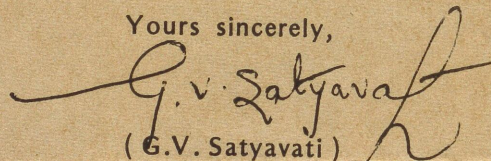
Dear Dr. Sukumaran,

This is to draw your kind attention to this office letter No. 7749/4523
dated 12.11.86 forwarding the article entitled
"Isoelectric focusing for measurement of ~~of~~ hemoglobin
barts levels in cord blood and detection of alpha
thalassaemia" for your
expert comments.

I hope you would have gone through this paper by now. As the authors are naturally anxious to know the decision of the Editorial Board, I would be most grateful, if you could return the paper along with your valuable comments urgently.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,


(G.V. Satyavati)

Dr. P.K. Sukumaran,
Pediatric Research Laboratory,
Bai Jer Wadia Hospital for Children
& Research Centre,
Acharya Donde Marg, Parel,
BOMBAY-400 012

Telephone: 653980
Grams: SCIENTIFIC
Telex: 031-3807

CONFIDENTIAL

No. 7749/4523

INDIAN JOURNAL OF MEDICAL RESEARCH

Indian Council of Medical Research
Ansari Nagar, New Delhi-110029

Dr. G.V. Satyavati
Editor-in-Chief

Dated 12-11-1986

Dr. N. Medappa
Assistant Editor

Dear Dr. Sukumaran,

I would be grateful to have your expert opinion on the suitability for publication of the enclosed article entitled: "Isoelectric focusing for measurement of hemoglobin barts levels in cord blood and detection of alpha thalassaemia".

by Dr/Drs. Sumitra Dash and colleagues.

If, for some reason or the other, it is **not** possible for you to reievw this paper within **2 weeks**, will you be kind enough to return the paper **immediatly** ?

In reviewing the paper, I would request you to take into consideration the following aspects:-

1. Is the paper of sufficient scientific interest and originality in its content to merit publication in our Journal ?
2. Is the Abstract of the article sufficiently informative, concise and clear ?
3. If the paper is generally acceptable, are there any obvious errors of fact, logic or interpretation which need to be rectified ?
4. Is the paper well written and the presentation clear and concise? In case the presentation is not satisfactory, would you kindly give specific suggestions as to the portions (including figures and tables) that need deletion, modification or abbreviation ?
5. Are there any other lacunae in the article which you would like to point out ?
6. Have you any other suggestions for an overall improvement of the manuscript ?
7. Is the study satisfactory from the ethical point of view with regard to the objectives as well as the methodology ? If not, please indicate your **specific** reservations/objections with regard to the animal/human experimentation involved.
8. Are there any parts of the paper to which you have **not been** able to give adequate attention and which may necessitate the paper being sent to another Reviewer ? If so, would you kindly suggest the name of a suitable referee for this purpose ?

I would very much appreciate if your comments could be sent along with the manuscript within **2 weeks** of the receipt of this letter.

With kind regards,

Dr.P.K. Sukumaran,
Pediatric Research Labortory,
Bai Jer Wadia Hospital for Children
& Research Centre,
Acharya Donde Marg, Parel,
BOMBAY - 400 012.

Yours sincerely,

N. Medappa
(N. MEDAPPA)

SK/111186

Encl: Ts=1.
F=4.

INDIAN COUNCIL OF MEDICAL RESEARCH

Indian Journal of Medical Research

Medical Enclave (Ansari Nagar)

Smt. A. S. BALASUBRAMANIAN
Assistant Editor

No. 5237/269

New Delhi-16 11 .3. 19 70.

Dear Mr. Sukumaran,

19 MAR 1970

This is to draw your attention to this office letter No.5237/196, dated 16.2.70, forwarding original and revised papers entitled "Immunological behaviour of haemoglobins" for opinion. I presume you must have gone through this paper by now. As the authors are very anxious to know the decision of the Editorial Board, I would request you to expedite your opinion.

The whole file may please be returned along with your comments.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

A.S. Balasubramanian
(A.S. Balasubramanian)

Mr.P.K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer,
Cancer Research Institute,
Tata Memorial Hospital,
Parel, Bombay-12.

ON INDIA GOVERNMENT SERVICE

अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER



To
Mr. P.K. Sukumaran,
Scientific Officer
Cancer Research Institute,
Tata Memorial Centre,
Parel, BOMBAY-12

← पहला मोड़ First Fold →

↑ Second Fold ↑

← तीसरा मोड़ Third Fold →

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता Sender's name and address:



POST EARLY
TO CATCH THE MAIL

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Indian Journal of Medical Research

Medical Enclave (Ansari Nagar)

New Delhi - 16.

इस पत्र के अन्दर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

Jay Mahal
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